



HIGHWAY

Classic Series

Fixed-Biased Tube Amplifier

50-Watt Head / 2x12 Combo

- or -

100-Watt Head

Owner's Manual

www.sonictoneamps.com

Made in the USA

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Made in the USA

Introduction

I'd like to personally thank you for purchasing the SonicTone Highway tube amplifier. I know how important every player's tone is to them and that consideration goes into every amp. Carefully designed and hand-built here in the U.S., the Highway represents what may have been the first true boutique amp to hit the scene in the late 60s in England. It's a unique circuit design that has a ton of headroom. It can produce a big clean sound, which is great for pedals - or, it can produce a big rock sound with a few twists of the knobs. This amp will definitely deliver some fantastic tones for you to use when playing live or in the studio. Good luck and enjoy the amp!

Sincerely,



Nick Sagona

Safety Instructions

1. Always use the correct types of tubes for this amplifier.
2. Always match the impedance to correct value of the speaker load.
3. Do not attempt to bypass the fuses or use different fuse values.
4. Please only use the provided SonicTone footswitch, which is compatible with this amplifier.
5. Please only use the correct cable to connect the footswitch to the amplifier.
6. Please operate the amplifier in dry and safe conditions.
7. Please store the amplifier in a reasonable, climate-controlled environment.
8. Prolonged exposure to high sound levels may cause permanent hearing loss. Please take the necessary precautions. See page 6 for more information.
9. If you are experiencing issues with the amplifier, please have it worked on by a qualified service technician only. Do not attempt to open the amp and work on it yourself.

⚡ WARNING! ⚡

Dangerous and potentially lethal voltages may be present in the amplifier even after it has been turned off and unplugged. Do not open the amp yourself or touch the inside of it. Only have a qualified service technician open up and work on the amplifier.

Features

The Highway is a fixed-biased tube amplifier that uses four (4) 12AX7 preamp tubes and EL34 power tubes. The 50-watt model uses two (2) EL34 power tubes and the 100-watt model uses (4) EL34 power tubes. The features include:

- 2 channels with independent parallel gain controls (footswitchable)
- Shared 3-band EQ with presence
- Preamp level
- Master volume
- A bright switch on channel 1
- Buffered, bypassable FX loop (footswitchable)
- FX loop series/parallel switch with send and return controls
- Mono preamp out & mono power amp in jacks
- 12" Celestion speakers (2x12 combo version only)
- 3-button footswitch
- 3-way output impedance switch (16, 8 or 4 ohm)
- Birch plywood cabinet with finger-jointed construction

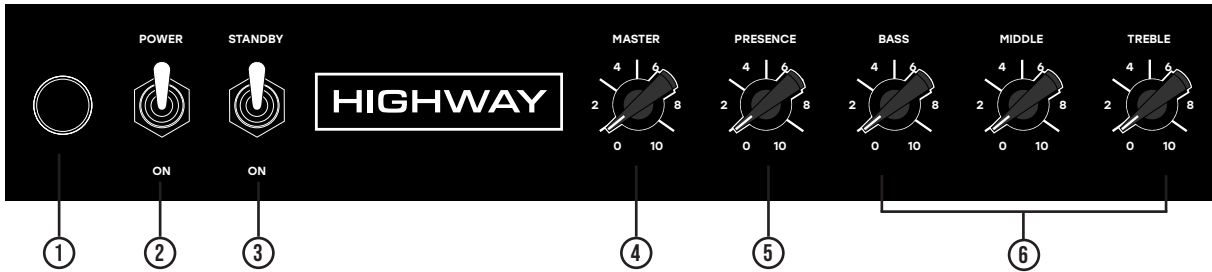
Independent Parallel Gain Structure:

The independent parallel gain structure between channels 1 and 2 offers a unique voicing between the channels. It is fashioned after the design of vintage multi-channel amplifiers with multiple input jacks. In those designs, the channels could be run separately, or they could be "linked" together with a patch cable which that would produce more gain. The Highway's design eliminates the need for multiple input jacks and patch cables and allows you to control the mixing of the 2 channels via the footswitch or front panel switches.

Footswitch Operation:

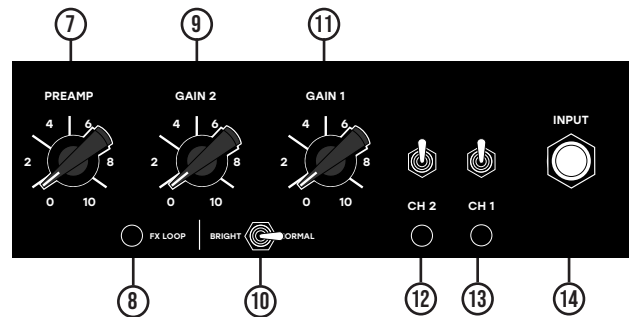
The footswitch requires the active 5-pin DIN cable to be inserted into the footswitch jack on the rear panel as well as the jack on the footswitch. In order for the footswitch to operate correctly, the switches on amp must be set to the OFF position. The orange LED button engages channel 1. The red LED button engages channel 2. Both can be engaged at the same time for a blend of gain from both channels. Both can be turned off at the same time which will mute the amplifier. The 3rd button (green LED) engages the FX loop.

Front Panel



1. **Pilot Light** - illuminates when the amp is turned on.
2. **Power Switch** - turns the amp on.
3. **Standby Switch** - allows the amp to be played. When the standby is off, the tubes are kept warm, but the amp will not make any sound.
4. **Master*** - the overall master volume of the amp.
5. **Presence** - active tonal control that can be used to brighten up the amp's overall sound.
6. **Bass, Middle and Treble** - passive equalization controls to adjust the tone of the amp.

7. **Preamp*** - the overall preamp level of the amp.
8. **FX Loop LED** - illuminates when the FX loop is engaged.
9. **Gain 2** - control to adjust the amount of gain on channel 2.
10. **Bright Switch** - switch to engage a slightly brighter tone for channel 1.

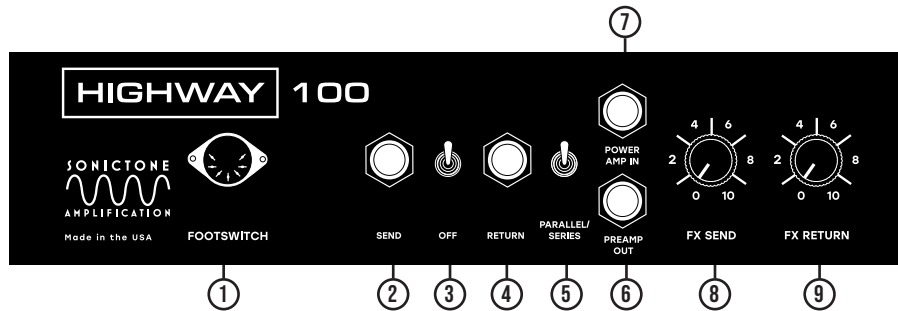


11. **Gain 1** - control to adjust the amount of gain on channel 1.
12. **CH 2 Switch & LED** - switch to engage channel 2 in the mix. The LED illuminates when channel 2 is engaged. (The switch must be set to OFF for the footswitch to operate.)
13. **CH 1 Switch & LED** - switch to engage channel 1 in the mix. The LED illuminates when channel 1 is engaged. (The switch must be set to OFF for the footswitch to operate.)
14. **Input Jack** - mono input jack to plug your guitar into.

***Preamp & Master Volumes:**

These two controls are a unique feature of this amp. The “preamp” level controls how hard the preamp is driven, which can result in more distortion. The “master” volume controls the overall volume of the amp. To achieve the classic “big clean” sound of this amp’s circuit, turn the master up and the preamp down. To get more gain out of the preamp, turn the preamp up and the master down. Use them together to find the “sweet spot.”

Rear Panel



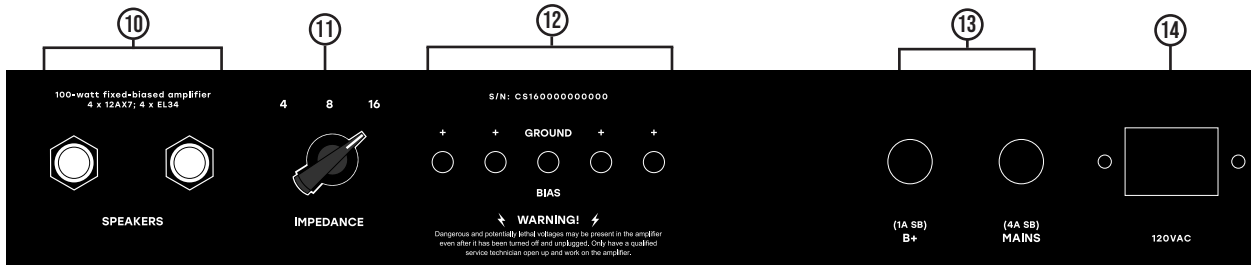
1. **Footswitch Jack** – jack to plug the provided footswitch cable into.
2. **FX Loop Send Jack** – mono input jack for the FX loop instrument level send signal.
3. **FX Loop Bypass Switch** – switch to fully bypass the FX loop circuit.
4. **FX Loop Return Jack** – mono input jack for the FX loop instrument level return signal.
5. **FX Series/Parallel Switch** – switch to operate the FX loop in either series or parallel mode. In parallel mode, the original signal is allowed to pass through unaffected and the send control acts as a “wet/dry blend” to mix the level of affected signal into the mix with the unaffected signal. In parallel, depending on the amount of “wet” signal set by the send control, the overall signal may be louder due to the dry and wet signals being mixed together. In this scenario, it is recommended to use the return control to balance out the overall volume.
6. **Preamp Out** – mono unbalanced output jack to send the post-FX loop line level signal to another external unit or power amp.
7. **Power Amp In** – mono unbalanced input jack to send a line level preamp signal from another amp into the power amp of this amp. Once a line is plugged into this jack, the internal preamp is disconnected and the power amp will only amplify the incoming external preamp signal.
8. **FX Loop Send Level** – control to adjust the level of the send signal to the FX chain.
9. **FX Loop Return Level** – control to adjust the level of the return signal to the amp.

A note about the FX Loop – When the FX loop is off (bypassed), the entire signal will bypass the FX loop circuit altogether. However, the send and return jacks are switched jacks that are connected together internally when nothing is plugged into them. Therefore, when the FX loop is on, signal will be allowed to pass through the FX loop even if nothing is plugged into it. If the FX loop is on but not being used, the return control can be used as an additional volume control to reduce the volume when the FX loop is on, and then boost the volume when the FX loop is switched off using the footswitch. This will effectively provide a volume “boost” option.

A note about the insert points – It is important to make a distinction between the FX loop and the “preamp out/power amp in” jacks. The FX loop is a lower instrument level signal designed for FX units and requires the “make-up” gain of the return stage. The “preamp out/power amp in” insert point is post-FX loop and is a higher line level signal that needs no recovery stage. The two insert points have different purposes and behave differently because of this.

In summary, the FX loop is designed to feed external FX units via the send jack and receive the processed instrument level signal to the return jack. The “preamp out/power amp in” insert point is designed to feed other power amps, or receive a line level signal from another preamp.

Rear Panel *(continued)*



10. **Parallel Speaker Jacks** – mono input jacks to plug the speaker(s) into. PLEASE NOTE: The jacks are in parallel, so if you plug two equal impedance speaker loads into them, you must set the impedance switch to half their impedance. For example, with two 16 ohm speaker loads plugged in, the impedance switch should be set to 8 ohms.
11. **Impedance Selector Switch** – switch to select the correct impedance of the speaker load hooked up to the amp.
12. **Bias Probes** – test jacks to check the approximate bias point of each power tube in millivolts (mV).*
13. **Fuse Holders** – receptacle for the amp's fuses.
14. **AC Jack** – jack to plug the provided AC cord into.

***Important Note About Biasing:**

The value given at the bias probes represents the voltage drop across an internal 1 ohm resistor attached to the cathode of each power tube. Using Ohm's law ($V = IR$), the value in millivolts (mV) can easily be converted to milliamps (mA) to get the approximate cathode current. For example, a reading of 40mV would equal 40mA. Power tube cathode current can act as a set point for adjusting the amplifier's bias. This is only an approximation to guide you in checking and setting the bias of the amp, as other factors go into calculating an amp's bias, such as the available plate voltage and max plate dissipation of the power tubes. Before leaving the shop, all SonicTone amplifiers are biased by measuring the plate voltage and plate current, and using those values to properly set the plate dissipation of the power tubes at idle.

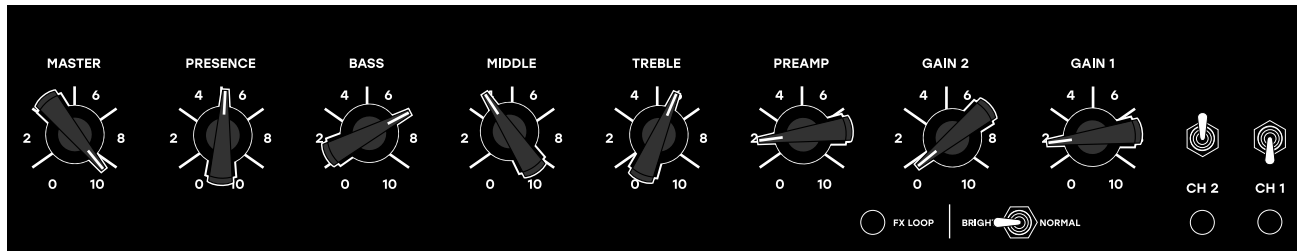
The bias pot is located on the top of the amp chassis near the power tubes. As always, please have a qualified technician service the amp and set the bias accordingly. When biasing the amp, all measurements should be performed with the amplifier warmed, set to play mode and with all controls set to zero.

! HIGH SOUND LEVEL WARNING !

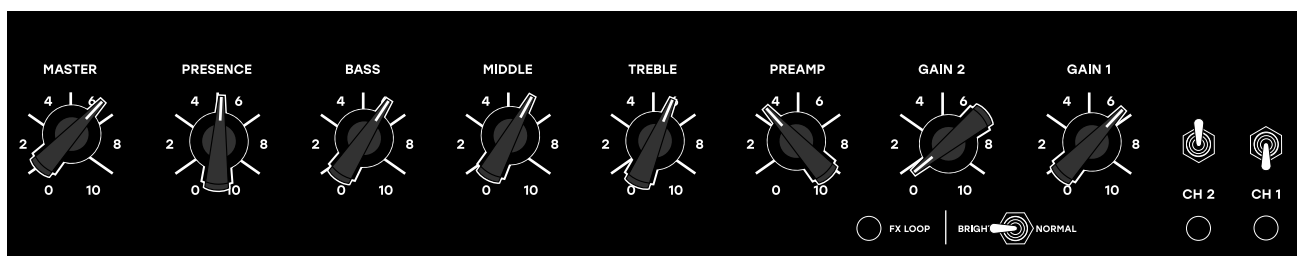
Guitar amplifiers produce extremely high sound levels. Any prolonged exposure to high sound levels may cause permanent hearing loss. Please take care to use proper hearing protection when operating and playing through a SonicTone amplifier. For more information on exposure to extreme sound levels and its effects, please visit the [OSHA website here](#).

Sample Settings

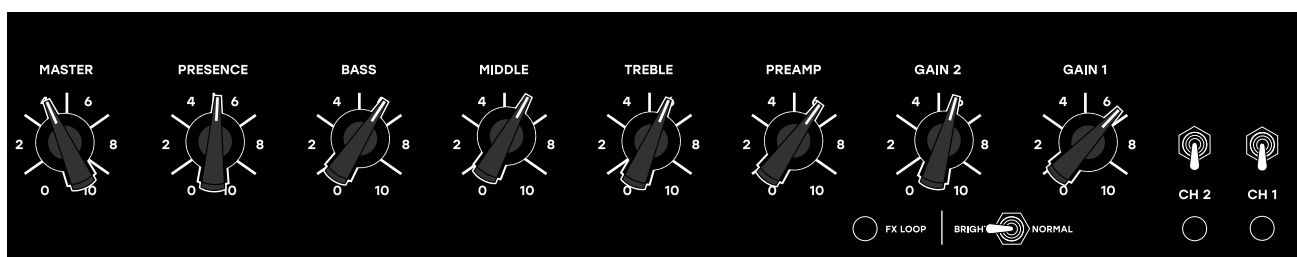
Channel 1 - Clean:



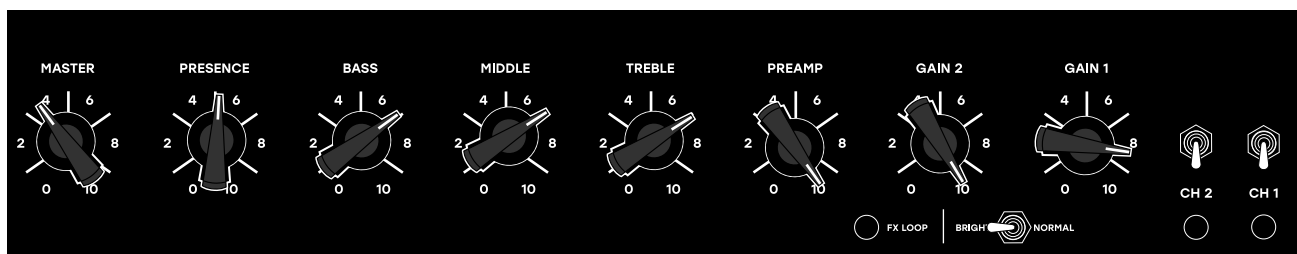
Channel 1 - Blues:



Channel 1 + 2 - British Rock:



Channel 1 + 2 - Hard Rock:



2-Year Limited Warranty

This amplifier is protected with a limited, 2-year warranty for any and all defective issues with the build workmanship and parts, excluding tubes, transformers and speakers. The warranty does not cover general wear and tear, neglect, misuse or abuse, damage from liquids (water, alcohol, etc.), disasters, acts of God or unauthorized modifications. Any modifications made to the amp by the owner or a technician will void the warranty. The owner is responsible for all warranty shipping costs. Once the warranty work is completed, the customer will be notified and sent a final shipping invoice. The owner then is required to pay the shipping invoice to have the repaired amp shipped back to them. Returned warranty shipping will be insured and will require a signature.

! NOTICE !

Tube amplifiers are voltage-sensitive devices that require a certain amount of AC input voltage (VAC.) If the provided input voltage is too low, the amplifier may not function properly. If the provided input voltage too high, it may damage the amplifier. Please take care to ensure that the correct AC input voltage is provided to the amplifier. See the **specifications** section of this manual for more info.

Specifications

Product Series: Classic Series
Product Model: Highway Head or 2x12 Combo

AC Input & Fuses:

- Standard IEC jack for U.S. 120VAC
- Slo-blo mains fuse: US 120VAC **50W** - 3A; **100W** - 4A
- Slo-blo high voltage (B+) fuse: **50W** - 0.5A; **100W** - 1A

Tubes & Power Output:

50-watt Model

- Four (4) 12AX7 preamp tubes
- Two (2) EL34 power tubes
- 50W @ 16, 8 or 4 ohms

100-watt Model

- Four (4) 12AX7 preamp tubes
- Four (4) EL34 power tubes
- 100W @ 16, 8 or 4 ohms

Speakers:

- 12-inch Celestion speaker(s), wired for 16 ohm or 8 ohm (*combo versions only*)

Footswitch:

- 3-button SonicTone footswitch
- 5-pin active DIN cable

Dimensions:

50W Head

- Width: 30 in
- Height: 10.75 in
- Depth: 9 in
- Weight: 32.5 lbs

100W Head

- Width: 30 in
- Height: 10.75 in
- Depth: 9 in
- Weight: 42.5 lbs

50W 2x12 Combo

- Width: 30 in
- Height: 20.75 in
- Depth: 10 in
- Weight: 55.0 lbs



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